Simple Present

* O Simple Present expressa ações repetidas, rotinas ou hábitos;
* Estrutura do Simple Present forma **afirmativa**:

Sujeito + verbo principal + complemento:

Ex:

I love candy

You work at the mall

We go to bed at 9 pm

they play soccer very well

* Estrutura do Simple Present forma **negativa**:

Sujeito + **do not (don´t)** + verbo principal + complemento:

Ex:

I don´t love candy

You don´t work at the mall

We don´t go to bed at 9pm

They don´t play soccer very well

* Estrutura do Simple Present forma **interrogativa:**

**Do** + sujeito + verbo principal + complemento:

Do I love candy?

Do you work at the mall?

Do we go to bed at 9pm?

* Estrutura da terceira pessoa do singular : **HE, SHE, IT**

Forma **afirmativa:**

Sujeito + verbo principal na forma alterada + complemento

John loves candy.

She Works every day

Forma **negativa:**

Sujeito + does not (doesn´t) + verbo principal na forma original + complemento

John doesn´t love candy

She doesn´t work every day

Forma **interrogativa:**

Does + sujeito + verbo principal na forma original + complemento.

Does John love candy?

Does she work every day?

Regrinhas da terceira p. do singular:

(somente para afirmativas de he, she, it)

Verbs ending:

SS, SH, CH, X, O, devemos acrescentar ES

TEACH = TEACHES

GO = GOES

Verbs ending y:

Toda vez que tiver um verbo terminando em Y, se for precedido de uma consoante, tirar o Y e colocar IES:

TRY = TRIES STUDY = STUDIES

Porém se for precedido de uma vogal, apenas acrescentar um S

PLAY = PLAYS

to have - HAS TO DO - DOES -

**Activity**

1. Complete the bank spaces with the right conjugation of the Simple Present Tense. Follow the example:

**Example: Anne    loves    the Jane Austin's work. (love)**

a) Cayo goes to the College tonight. (go)

b) My parents have Italian and French classes on Thursday every week. (have)

c) Louise works at Brad's office. (work)

d) I eat bread with nuts jelly every morning. (eat)

e) The plane arrives at 08:00 in the city. (arrive)

1. Unscramble the words and make questions in a Simple Present sentence. Look at the example:

Example:

YOU – MEET – TO –WHAT– WANT

What do you want to meet?

**a) WANT – YOU – WHY – TO – HERE – BE -**

**B) YOU – PET – LIKE – YOUR -**

**C) LIVE – HE – ALONE -**